

Restoring Accidentally Deleted Root User in MySQL

If you, like me, have accidentally deleted your root user in MySQL, you will need to add the user manually.

First off, start MySQL with `-skip-grant-tables` by editing `/etc/my.cnf`

```
[mysqld]
skip_grant_tables
```

From there on, reboot MySQL with `/etc/init.d/mysqld restart`.

Then get into the MySQL CLI:

```
[root@test ~]# mysql
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 10
Server version: 5.0.77 Source distribution
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the buffer.
mysql>
```

You will probably notice that GRANTS do not work when MySQL is started with `skip-grant-tables`. The way to get around this is to manually insert a record into the user table.

Then enter the following query (replace `NEW_PASSWORD_HERE`):

```
INSERT INTO `mysql`.`user` (`Host`, `User`, `Password`, `Select_priv`,
`Insert_priv`, `Update_priv`, `Delete_priv`, `Create_priv`, `Drop_priv`,
`Reload_priv`, `Shutdown_priv`, `Process_priv`, `File_priv`, `Grant_priv`,
`References_priv`, `Index_priv`, `Alter_priv`, `Show_db_priv`, `Super_priv`,
`Create_tmp_table_priv`, `Lock_tables_priv`, `Execute_priv`,
`Repl_slave_priv`, `Repl_client_priv`, `Create_view_priv`, `Show_view_priv`,
`Create_routine_priv`, `Alter_routine_priv`, `Create_user_priv`, `ssl_type`,
`ssl_cipher`, `x509_issuer`, `x509_subject`, `max_questions`, `max_updates`,
`max_connections`, `max_user_connections`) VALUES ('%', 'root',
PASSWORD('NEW_PASSWORD_HERE'), 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y',
'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y',
'Y', 'Y', '', '', '', '', '0', '0', '0', '0');
```

If all went well, you should see the following after you run

```
SELECT * FROM mysql.user WHERE User = 'root';
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM mysql.USER;
Host: %
USER: root
Password: 5d95c890861e8dm65
```

```
Select_priv: Y
Insert_priv: Y
Update_priv: Y
Delete_priv: Y
Create_priv: Y
Drop_priv: Y
Reload_priv: Y
Shutdown_priv: Y
Process_priv: Y
File_priv: Y
Grant_priv: Y
References_priv: Y
Index_priv: Y
Alter_priv: Y
Show_db_priv: Y
Super_priv: Y
Create_tmp_table_priv: Y
Lock_tables_priv: Y
Execute_priv: Y
Repl_slave_priv: Y
Repl_client_priv: Y
Create_view_priv: Y
Show_view_priv: Y
Create_routine_priv: Y
Alter_routine_priv: Y
Create_user_priv: Y
ssl_type:
ssl_cipher:
x509_issuer:
x509_subject:
max_questions: 0
max_updates: 0
max_connections: 0
max_user_connections: 0
```

Now you can go ahead and edit `/etc/my.cnf` again to remove `skip_grant_tables`, reboot MySQL and you should be able to login to MySQL with your newly created root account.

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Permanent link:
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