

Ubuntu 24.04 and Samba integration with Active Directory using SSSD

Update: When using Proxmox LXC, make sure to create a privileged container, and enable nesting:

```
pct set <CTID> -features nesting=1,keyctl=1
pct restart <CTID>
```

Join Ubuntu to Active Directory

```
# install required applications
su@fs:~$ sudo apt -y install realmd sssd sssd-tools libnss-sss libpam-sss
adcli samba-common-bin oddjob oddjob-mkhomedir packagekit

# configure network to use ADDC as DNS server, and to use the FQDN as
default search name
su@fs:~$ sudo vim /etc/netplan/00-installer-config.yaml
network:
  ethernets:
    eth0:
      addresses:
        - 192.168.2.251/24
      gateway4: 192.168.2.1
      nameservers:
        addresses:
          - 192.168.2.2
        search:
          - example.com
      version: 2

# apply the configuration
su@fs:~$ sudo netplan apply

# test if you can discover the domain
su@fs:~$ realm discover example.com
example.com
type: kerberos
realm-name: EXAMPLE.COM
domain-name: example.com
configured: no
...

# join the domain
su@fs:~$ realm join -U administrator example.com
Password for administrator:
```

```
# test if you can query the domain
su@fs:~$ id user@example.com
uid=687821651(user@example.com) gid=687800512(user@example.com)
groups=687800512(domain users@example.com)

# additional configuration
su@fs:~$ sudo vim /etc/sss/sss.conf
# set use_fully_qualified_names to false id you want to login using username
only - otherwise you must use user@example.com
# modify fallback_homedir to change user home folder - I prefer /home/%d/%u

# make sure that the file is readable only by root
sudo chmod 600 /etc/sss/sss.conf
sudo chown root:root /etc/sss/sss.conf

# enable auto create of home folders
su@fs:~$ sudo pam-auth-update --enable mkhomedir

# make sure this line exists in /etc/pam.d/common-session
session required pam_mkhomedir.so skel=/etc/skel umask=0022

# add users to sudo group
su@fs:~$ sudo usermod -aG sudo user@example.com
# or add a domain group to sudoers
su@fs:~$ visudo
# append the line (with the desired group name
%Domain\ admins ALL=(ALL:ALL) ALL

# login with user
su@fs:~$ su - user@example.com
Creating directory '/home/example.com/user'.
To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".
See "man sudo_root" for details.

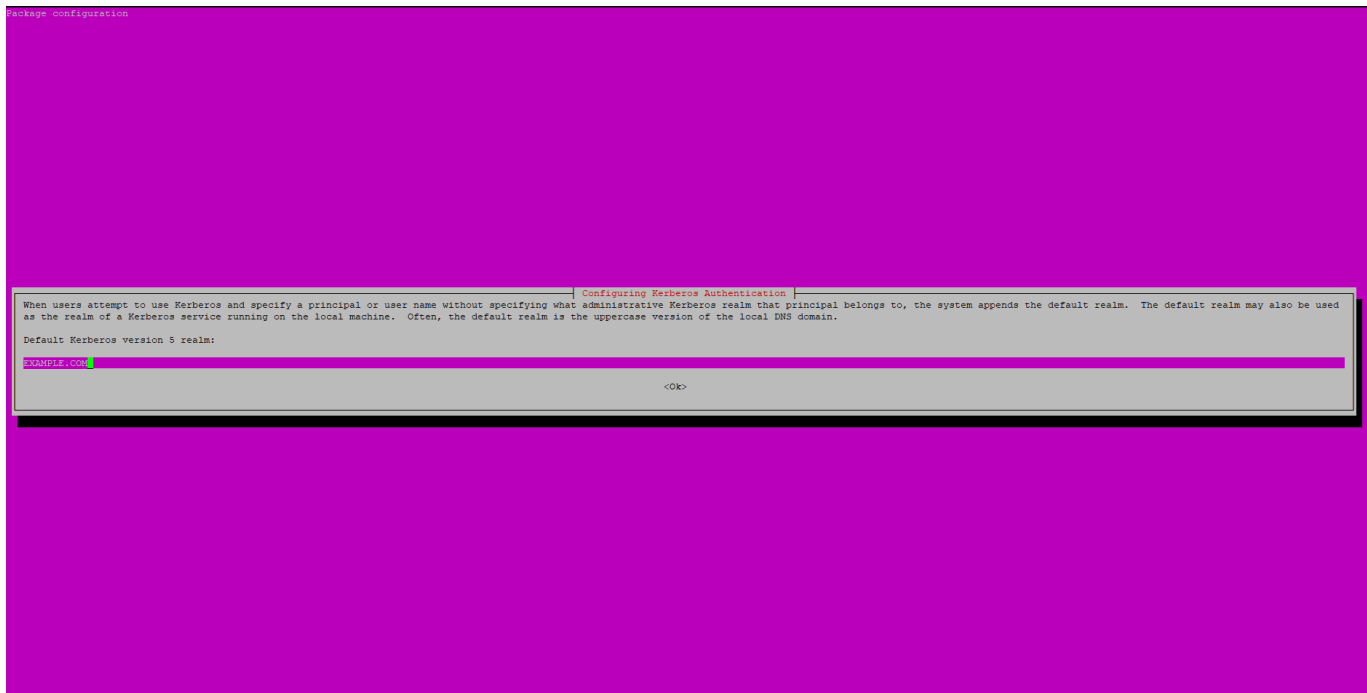
user@example.com@fs:~$ exit
logout
su@fs:~$

# additionally, you can allow only certain users to login
su@fs:~$ sudo realm deny --all
su@fs:~$ sudo realm permit user@example.com user2@example.com
su@fs:~$ sudo realm permit -g 'Domain Admins'
```

Kerberos

If you install krb5-user, your AD users will also get a kerberos ticket upon logging in

```
su@fs:~$ sudo apt install krb5-user
```



```
su@fs:~$ su -l user@example.com
Password:
user@example.com@fs:~$ klist
Ticket cache: FILE:/tmp/krb5cc_1945601295_0twWui
Default principal: user@EXAMPLE.COM
```

```
Valid starting      Expires            Service principal
03/29/2021 08:57:32 03/29/2021 18:57:32  krbtgt/EXAMPLE.COM@EXAMPLE.COM
        renew until 03/30/2021 08:57:32
user@example.com@fs:~$ sudo apt install smbclient
user@example.com@fs:~$ smbclient -k -L dc.example.com
```

Sharename	Type	Comment
ADMIN\$	Disk	Remote Admin
C\$	Disk	Default share
CertEnroll	Disk	Active Directory Certificate Services
ContentBuilderSCUM	Disk	
D\$	Disk	Default share
E\$	Disk	Default share
IPC\$	IPC	Remote IPC
NETLOGON	Disk	Logon server share
Share	Disk	
ShareSSD	Disk	
SYSVOL	Disk	Logon server share

```
SMB1 disabled -- no workgroup available
user@example.com@fs:~$ klist
Ticket cache: FILE:/tmp/krb5cc_1945601295_0twWui
Default principal: tplecko-adm@GAMEPIRES.COM
```

```
Valid starting      Expires            Service principal
```

```
03/29/2021 08:59:11 03/29/2021 18:59:11 krbtgt/EXAMPLE.COM@EXAMPLE.COM
renew until 03/30/2021 08:59:11
03/29/2021 08:59:40 03/29/2021 18:59:11 cifs/dc.example.com@EXAMPLE.COM
user@example.com@fs:~$
```

SAMBA integration

This part needs review since it is broken in the fresh versions

```
su@fs:~$ sudo apt install samba cifs-utils libwbclient-sssd
su@fs:~$ sudo vim /etc/samba/smb.conf
[global]
workgroup = EXAMPLE
realm = EXAMPLE.COM
server string = %h server
#idmap backend = lwopen
idmap config * : backend = tdb
idmap config * : range = 10000-199999
idmap config EXAMPLE : backend = sss
idmap config EXAMPLE : range = 1000000-19999999
idmap config EXAMPLE : rangesize = 1000000
passdb backend = tdbsam
kerberos method = system keytab
#secrets
#secrets and keytab
dedicated keytab file = /etc/krb5.keytab
security = ads
log file = /var/log/samba/log.%m
max log size = 1000
logging = file
panic action = /usr/share/samba/panic-action %d
server role = member server
#standalone
obey pam restrictions = yes
unix password sync = yes
passwd program = /usr/bin/passwd %u
passwd chat = *Enter\snew\s*\spassword:* %n\n *Retype\snew\s*\spassword:*
%n\n *password\supdated\ssuccessfully* .
pam password change = yes
map to guest = bad user
usershare allow guests = yes
max protocol = SMB3
min protocol = NT1
[public]
comment = Public share
path = /shared/public
read only = no
guest ok = no
browsable = yes
```

```
writable = yes
#admin users =
valid users = Domain\ users\@example.com
#invalid users =
#read list =
write list = Domain\ users\@example.com
create mask = 0770
directory mask = 0770
force create mode = 0770
force directory mode = 0770
```

#get your domain SID from powershell with get-addomain example.com

```
su@fs:~$ sudo net setdomainsid S-1-5-21-11111111-22222222-33333333
```

```
su@fs:~$ sudo systemctl restart smb nmbd
```

From:

<https://wiki.plecko.hr/> - **Eureka Moment**

Permanent link:

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Last update: **2025/07/03 12:55**

