

# Ubuntu LAMP + Bind

## Update server

```
$ apt update
$ apt upgrade
```

## Add new sudo user "sudouser"

```
$ adduser sudouser
$ usermod -aG sudo sudouser
# Login via SSH using the new user and test if sudo works
```

## Deny root login via ssh

```
$ vim /etc/ssh/sshd_config

# Find line 'PermitRootLogin' and set it to 'no'
PermitRootLogin no

# Restart SSH server
$ systemctl restart sshd
```

## Enable firewall

```
# List available applications
$ ufw app list

# Output
Available applications:
  OpenSSH

# Allow OpenSSH
$ ufw allow OpenSSH

# Enable UFW
$ ufw enable

# Type "y" and press ENTER to proceed. You can see that SSH connections
are still allowed by typing:
$ ufw status

# Output
Status: active

To                Action            From
```

```
--          -----          ----
OpenSSH          ALLOW          Anywhere
OpenSSH (v6)     ALLOW          Anywhere (v6)
```

## Install apache and add it to firewall exceptions

```
$ sudo apt install apache2
$ sudo ufw app list
# Output
Available applications:
  Apache
  Apache Full
  Apache Secure
  OpenSSH

$ sudo ufw app info "Apache Full"

#Output
Profile: Apache Full
Title: Web Server (HTTP,HTTPS)
Description: Apache v2 is the next generation of the omnipresent Apache
web
server.

Ports:
  80,443/tcp

# Allow incoming HTTP and HTTPS traffic for this profile:
$ sudo ufw allow in "Apache Full"
```

## Install MySql server

```
$ sudo apt install mysql-server
# Secure the installation (Login doesn't work without this)
$ sudo mysql_secure_installation

# For temporary remote access, you can unbind MySQL Server from
127.0.0.1 by editing the config file
$ sudo vim /etc/mysql/mysql.conf.d/mysqld.cnf
# Comment out the line
bind-address          = 127.0.0.1
# By adding # at the beginning
$ sudo systemctl restart mysql

# Add remote root user. Remove 'WITH mysql_native_password' to use new
password encryption
$ sudo mysql
CREATE USER 'newuser'@'%' IDENTIFIED WITH mysql_native_password BY
'password';
```

```
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON * . * TO 'newuser'@'%' WITH GRANT OPTION;
FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
quit;

# Allow MySql through firewall
sudo ufw allow from any to any port 3306
# This is dangerous, as you basically gave a root user access from
anywhere. Disable this after you finish, and bind the server to
locahhost
```

## Install PHP

```
$ sudo apt install php libapache2-mod-php php-mysql php-cli
# Move index.php to first place
$ sudo vim /etc/apache2/mods-enabled/dir.conf
<IfModule mod_dir.c>
    DirectoryIndex index.php index.html index.cgi index.pl index.xhtml
    index.htm
</IfModule>

# Restart apache
$ sudo systemctl restart apache2

# You can also check on the status of the apache2 service using
systemctl:
$ sudo systemctl status apache2

# Sample Output
● apache2.service - LSB: Apache2 web server
   Loaded: loaded (/etc/init.d/apache2; bad; vendor preset: enabled)
   Drop-In: /lib/systemd/system/apache2.service.d
            └─apache2-systemd.conf
   Active: active (running) since Tue 2018-04-23 14:28:43 EDT; 45s ago
     Docs: man:systemd-sysv-generator(8)
   Process: 13581 ExecStop=/etc/init.d/apache2 stop (code=exited,
status=0/SUCCESS)
   Process: 13605 ExecStart=/etc/init.d/apache2 start (code=exited,
status=0/SUCCESS)
   Tasks: 6 (limit: 512)
   CGroup: /system.slice/apache2.service
           └─13623 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
             └─13626 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
               └─13627 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
                 └─13628 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
                   └─13629 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
                     └─13630 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
```

## Install bind

```
$ sudo apt install bind9
# Set listening IP
$ sudo vim /etc/bind/named.conf.options
listen-on { any; };

# Add zone
$ sudo vim /etc/bind/named.conf.local
zone "example.eu" IN {
    type master; // type 'slave' for secondary server
    file "/etc/bind/example.eu.zone";
    allow-transfer { 10.0.0.2; }; // Enter you secondary server IP
    // masters { 10.0.0.1; }; // Use this line instead of 'allow-
transfer' for secondary server, and replace the IP with your master
server
};

# Edit zone
$ sudo vim /etc/bind/example.eu.zone
$TTL 86400

@ IN SOA example.eu. example.example.eu. (
    2018082700 ; Serial
    3600      ; Refresh
    900      ; Retry
    604800   ; Expire
    86400    ; Negative TTL
)

@      IN      NS      ns1
@      IN      NS      ns2
@      IN      MX      1      mx
@      IN      A       10.0.0.2
ns1    IN      A       10.0.0.2
ns2    IN      A       10.0.0.3
mx     IN      A       10.0.0.2

# Check configuration and zone
$ sudo named-checkconf
$ sudo named-checkzone example.eu /etc/bind/example.eu.zone
zone example.eu/IN: loaded serial 2018082700
OK

# Add bind firewall exception
$ ufw allow Bind9

# List loaded zones
$ sudo rndc dumpdb -zones
$ cat /var/cache/bind/named_dump.db
```

```
#ufw
sudo ufw allow from any to any port 88

#apache
sudo vim /etc/apache2/ports.conf
#add line
Listen 88

#Change port on virtual host
<VirtualHost *:88>
```

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